

# **WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE**

## **2026 REGULAR SESSION**

**Introduced**

### **House Bill 5673**

By Delegate Williams

[Introduced February 17, 2026; referred to the  
Committee on the Judiciary]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §51-2A-2 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, and to  
 2 amend the code by adding a new article, designated §48-10A-101, §48-10A-102, §48-  
 3 10A-201, §48-10A-202, §48-10A-203, §48-10A-204, §48-10A-301, §48-10A-401, §48-  
 4 10A-402, §48-10A-403, §48-10A-501, §48-10A-502, §48-10A-601, §48-10A-602, §48-  
 5 10A-701, §48-10A-702, §48-10A-801, §48-10A-802, §48-10A-901, §48-10A-902, §48-  
 6 10A-1001, §48-10A-1002, §48-10A-1101, and §48-10A-1201, relating to the creation of a  
 7 statutory right to petition circuit and family courts in West Virginia for sibling visitation with  
 8 minor children.

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:*

**CHAPTER 48. DOMESTIC RELATIONS.**

**ARTICLE 10A. SIBLING VISITATION.**

**§48-10A-101. Legislative findings.**

1 The Legislature finds that circumstances arise where it is appropriate for circuit courts or  
 2 family courts of this state to order that siblings of minor children may exercise visitation with those  
 3 minor children. The Legislature further finds that in those situations, as in all situations involving  
 4 minor children, the best interests of the minor child or children are the paramount consideration.

**§48-10A-102. Legislative intent.**

1 It is the express intent of the Legislature that the provisions for sibling visitation that are set  
 2 forth in this article are exclusive.

**§48-10A-201. Applicability of definitions.**

1 For the purposes of this article the words or terms defined in this article, and any variation  
 2 of those words or terms required by the context, have the meanings ascribed to them in this article.  
 3 These definitions are applicable unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context.

**§48-10A-202. Child defined.**

1 "Child" means a person under the age of 18 years who has not been married or otherwise

2 emancipated.

**§48-10A-203. Sibling defined.**

1 "Sibling" means a blood brother or sister, a half brother or sister, a step brother or sister, or  
2 an adoptive brother or sister who is petitioning the court for sibling visitation rights and is at least 18  
3 years of age.

**§48-10A-204. Ancillary definitions.**

1 "Blood brother or sister" means a male or female that have both a biological mother and a  
2 biological father in common with another person.

3 "Half brother or sister" means a male or female that have the same biological father or the  
4 same biological mother, but not both biological parents in common with another person.

5 "Step brother or sister" means a male or female that is the son or daughter of one's  
6 stepparent.

7 "Adoptive brother or sister" means a male or female who has become the son or daughter  
8 of a parent by virtue of legal adoption.

9 "Stepparent" means the spouse of one's mother or father by a later marriage.

**§48-10A-301. Persons who may apply for sibling visitation; venue.**

1 A sibling of a minor child residing in this state may, by motion or petition, make application  
2 to the circuit court or family court of the county in which that minor child resides for an order  
3 granting visitation with his or her sibling.

**§48-10A-401. Motion for sibling visitation when action for divorce, custody, legal separation, annulment or establishment of paternity is pending.**

1 (a) The provisions of this section apply to any pending actions for divorce, custody, legal  
2 separation, annulment or establishment of paternity.

3 (b) After the commencement of the action, a sibling seeking visitation with the minor child  
4 may, by motion, apply to the family court for an order granting visitation. A sibling moving for an  
5 order of visitation may not be afforded party status, but may be called as a witness by the court,

6 and is subject to cross-examination by the parties.

7 (c) Motions or petitions for sibling visitation shall be filed and heard in the family court  
8 except when an abuse or neglect proceeding involving the minor child or children is pending  
9 before the circuit court, in which case the motion or petition shall be filed and heard in the circuit  
10 court.

**§48-10A-402. Petition for sibling visitation when action for divorce, custody, legal separation, annulment, or establishment of paternity is not pending.**

1 (a) The provisions of this section apply when no proceeding for divorce, custody, legal  
2 separation, annulment, or establishment of paternity is pending.

3 (b) A sibling may petition the family court for an order granting visitation with the minor  
4 child, regardless of whether the parents of the minor child are married. If the sibling filed a motion  
5 for visitation in a previous proceeding for divorce, custody, legal separation, annulment or  
6 establishment of paternity, and a decree or final order has issued in that earlier action, the sibling  
7 may petition for visitation if the circumstances have materially changed since the entry of the  
8 earlier order or decree.

9 (c) When a petition under this section is filed, the matter shall be styled "In re sibling  
10 visitation of [petitioner's(s') name(s)]."

11 (d) Motions or petitions for sibling visitation shall be filed and heard in the family court  
12 except when an abuse or neglect proceeding involving the minor child or children is pending  
13 before the circuit court, in which case the motion or petition shall be filed and heard in the circuit  
14 court.

**§48-10A-403. Appointment of guardian ad litem for the minor child.**

1 When a motion or petition is filed seeking sibling visitation, the court, on its own motion or  
2 upon the motion of a party or sibling, may appoint a guardian *ad litem* for the minor child or children  
3 to assist the court in determining the best interests of the minor child or children regarding sibling  
4 visitation.



21 regardless of whether the minor child resided inside or outside of the sibling's residence;

22 (12) The preference of the parents with regard to the requested visitation; and

23 (13) Any other factor relevant to the best interests of the minor child.

**§48-10A-601. Interview of minor child in chambers.**

1 In considering the factors listed in §48-10A-502 of this code for purposes of determining  
2 whether to grant visitation, establishing a specific visitation schedule, and resolving any issues  
3 related to the making of any determination with respect to visitation or the establishment of any  
4 specific visitation schedule, the court may interview in chambers any or all involved minor children  
5 regarding their wishes and concerns. No person may be present other than the court, the minor  
6 child, the minor child's attorney or guardian *ad litem*, if any, and any necessary court personnel.

**§48-10A-602. Prohibitions on use of minor child's written or recorded statement or affidavit; minor child not to be called as a witness.**

1 (a) No person may obtain or attempt to obtain from a minor child a written or recorded  
2 statement or affidavit setting forth the wishes and concerns of the minor child regarding sibling  
3 visitation matters. The court, in considering the factors listed in §48-10A-502 of this code for  
4 purposes of determining whether to grant any visitation, establishing a visitation schedule, or  
5 resolving any issues related to the making of any determination with respect to visitation or the  
6 establishment of any specific visitation schedule, may not accept or consider such a written or  
7 recorded statement or affidavit.

8 (b) A minor child may not be called as a witness in any proceeding to determine whether  
9 sibling visitation should be awarded.

**§48-10A-701. Proof required when action is pending for divorce, custody, legal separation, annulment, or establishment of paternity.**

1 If a motion for sibling visitation is filed in a pending action for divorce, custody, legal  
2 separation, annulment, or establishment of paternity pursuant to §48-10A-401 of this code, the  
3 sibling shall be granted visitation if a preponderance of the evidence shows that visitation is in the

4 best interest of the minor child and that:

5 (1) The party to the divorce through which the sibling is related to the minor child has failed  
6 to answer or otherwise appear and defend the cause of action; or

7 (2) The location of the party through which the sibling is related to the minor child is  
8 unknown to the party bringing the action and to the sibling who filed the motion for visitation.

**§48-10A-702. Proof required when action is not pending for divorce, custody, legal  
separation, annulment, or establishment of paternity.**

1 (a) If a petition is filed pursuant to §48-10A-402 of this code when the parent through whom  
2 the sibling is related to the minor child does not: (1) have custody of the minor child; (2) share  
3 custody of the minor child; or (3) exercise visitation privileges with the minor child that will allow  
4 participation in the visitation by the sibling if the parent so choses, the sibling shall be granted  
5 visitation if a preponderance of the evidence shows that visitation is in the best interest of the  
6 minor child.

7 (b) If a petition is filed pursuant to §48-10A-402 of this code, there is a presumption that  
8 visitation privileges need not be extended to the sibling if the parent through whom the sibling is  
9 related to the minor child has custody of the minor child, shares custody of the minor child, or  
10 exercises visitation privileges with the minor child that will allow participation in the visitation by the  
11 sibling if the parent so chooses. This presumption may be rebutted by clear and convincing  
12 evidence that an award of sibling visitation is in the best interest of the minor child.

**§48-10A-801. Order granting or refusing sibling visitation shall state findings of fact and  
conclusions of law.**

1 An order granting or refusing the sibling's motion or petition for visitation shall state in  
2 writing the court's findings of fact and conclusions of law.

**§48-10A-802. Supervised visitation; conditions on visitation.**

1 The court may enter an order granting visitation privileges to a sibling that may require  
2 supervised visitation, or the court may place conditions on visitation that it finds are in the best

3 interests of the minor child, including, but not limited to, the following:

4 (1) That the sibling does not attempt to influence any religious beliefs or practices of the  
5 minor children in a manner contrary to the preferences of the minor child's parents;

6 (2) That the sibling does not engage in, permit or encourage activities, or expose the minor  
7 child to conditions or circumstances, that are contrary to the preferences of the minor child's  
8 parents; or

9 (3) That the sibling does not otherwise act in a manner to contradict or interfere with child-  
10 rearing decisions made by the minor child's parents.

**§48-10A-901. Effect of remarriage of the custodial parent.**

1 The remarriage of the custodial parent of a minor child does not affect the authority of a  
2 circuit court or family court to grant reasonable visitation to any sibling.

**§48-10A-902. Effect of adoption of the minor child.**

1 If a minor child who is subject to a sibling visitation order under this article is later adopted,  
2 the order for sibling visitation is automatically vacated when the order for adoption is entered,  
3 unless the adopting parent is a stepparent, grandparent, or other relative of the minor child;  
4 however, once the order for adoption is entered, the sibling may repetition the court seeking sibling  
5 visitation with the minor child.

**§48-10A-1001. Continuing jurisdiction of circuit court or family court.**

1 Any circuit court or family court that grants visitation rights to a sibling retains jurisdiction  
2 throughout the minority of the minor child with whom visitation is granted to modify or terminate the  
3 rights as dictated by the best interests of the minor child.

**§48-10A-1002. Termination of sibling visitation.**

1 A circuit court or family court shall, based upon a petition brought by an interested person,  
2 terminate any grant of the right of sibling visitation upon presentation of a preponderance of the  
3 evidence that a sibling granted visitation has materially violated the terms and conditions of the  
4 order of visitation.

**§48-10A-1101. Attorney's fees; reasonable costs.**

1 In an action brought under the provisions of this article, a circuit court or family court may  
2 order payment of reasonable attorney's fees and costs based upon the equities of the positions  
3 asserted by the parties to pay the fees and costs.

**§48-10A-1201. Misdemeanor offense for allowing contact between minor child and person**  
**who has been precluded visitation rights; penalties.**

1 Any sibling who knowingly allows contact between a minor child and a parent or other  
2 person who has been precluded visitation rights with the minor child by court order is guilty of a  
3 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail not more than 30 days or fined  
4 not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000.

**CHAPTER 51. COURTS AND THEIR OFFICERS.**

**ARTICLE 2A. FAMILY COURTS.**  
**§51-2A-2. Family court jurisdiction; exceptions; limitations.**

1 (a) The family court shall exercise jurisdiction over the following matters:

2 (1) All actions for divorce, annulment or separate maintenance brought under the  
3 ~~provisions of §48-3-1 et seq., §48-4-1 et seq., or §48-5-1 et seq.~~ of this code, except as provided in  
4 subsections (b) and (c) of this section;

5 (2) All actions to obtain orders of child support brought under the ~~provisions of §48-11-1 et~~  
6 ~~seq., §48-12-1 et seq., and §48-14-1 et seq.~~ of this code;

7 (3) All actions to establish paternity brought under the ~~provisions of §48-24-1 et seq.~~ of this  
8 code and any dependent claims related to such actions regarding child support, parenting plans or  
9 other allocation of custodial responsibility or decision-making responsibility for a child;

10 (4) All actions for grandparent visitation brought under the ~~provisions of §48-10-1 et seq.~~ of  
11 this code;

12 (5) All actions for the interstate enforcement of family support brought under §48-16-1 et

13 *seq.* of this code and for the interstate enforcement of child custody brought under ~~the provisions~~  
14 *of* §48-20-1 *et seq.* of this code;

15 (6) All actions for the establishment of a parenting plan or other allocation of custodial  
16 responsibility or decision-making responsibility for a child, including actions brought under the  
17 Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, as provided in §48-20-1 *et seq.* of this  
18 code;

19 (7) All petitions for writs of habeas corpus in which the issue contested is custodial  
20 responsibility for a child;

21 (8) All motions for temporary relief affecting parenting plans or other allocation of custodial  
22 responsibility or decision-making responsibility for a child, child support, spousal support or  
23 domestic violence;

24 (9) All motions for modification of an order providing for a parenting plan or other allocation  
25 of custodial responsibility or decision-making responsibility for a child or for child support or  
26 spousal support;

27 (10) All actions brought, including civil contempt proceedings, to enforce an order of  
28 spousal or child support or to enforce an order for a parenting plan or other allocation of custodial  
29 responsibility or decision-making responsibility for a child;

30 (11) All actions brought by an obligor to contest the enforcement of an order of support  
31 through the withholding from income of amounts payable as support or to contest an affidavit of  
32 accrued support, filed with the circuit clerk, which seeks to collect an arrearage;

33 (12) All final hearings in domestic violence proceedings;

34 (13) Petitions for a change of name, exercising concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit court;

35 (14) All proceedings for payment of attorney fees if the family court judge has jurisdiction of  
36 the underlying action;

37 (15) All proceedings for property distribution brought under §48-7-1 *et seq.* of this code;

38 (16) All proceedings to obtain spousal support brought under §48-8-1 *et seq.* of this code;

39 (17) All proceedings relating to the appointment of guardians or curators of minor children  
40 brought pursuant to §44-10-3, §44-10-4 and §44-10-6 of this code, exercising concurrent  
41 jurisdiction with the circuit court; ~~and~~

42 (18) All proceedings relating to petitions for sibling visitation; and

43 (19) All actions for sibling visitation brought under the provisions of §48-10A-101 et seq. of  
44 this code.

45 (b) If an action for divorce, annulment, or separate maintenance does not require the  
46 establishment of a parenting plan or other allocation of custodial responsibility or decision-making  
47 responsibility for a child and does not require an award or any payment of child support, the circuit  
48 court has concurrent jurisdiction with the family court over the action if, at the time of the filing of  
49 the action, the parties also file a written property settlement agreement executed by both parties.

50 (c) If an action for divorce, annulment, or separate maintenance is pending and a petition is  
51 filed pursuant to ~~the provisions of~~ §49-4-601 through §49-4-610 of this code alleging abuse or  
52 neglect of a child by either of the parties to the divorce, annulment, or separate maintenance  
53 action, the orders of the circuit court in which the abuse or neglect petition is filed shall supersede  
54 and take precedence over an order of the family court respecting the allocation of custodial and  
55 decision-making responsibility for the child between the parents. If no order for the allocation of  
56 custodial and decision-making responsibility for the child between the parents has been entered  
57 by the family court in the pending action for divorce, annulment, or separate maintenance, the  
58 family court shall stay any further proceedings concerning the allocation of custodial and decision-  
59 making responsibility for the child between the parents and defer to the orders of the circuit court in  
60 the abuse or neglect proceedings.

61 (d) If a family court judge is assigned as a judicial officer of a domestic violence court then  
62 jurisdiction of all proceedings relating to criminal misdemeanor crimes of domestic violence as  
63 referenced in §48-27-301 of this code involving a family or household member as referenced in  
64 §48-27-204(1) through §48-27-204(6) and §48-27-204(7)(A), §48-27-204(7)(B), and §48-27-

65 204(7)(H) of this code shall be concurrent with the circuit and magistrate courts.

66 (e) A family court is a court of limited jurisdiction. A family court is a court of record only for  
67 the purpose of exercising jurisdiction in the matters for which the jurisdiction of the family court is  
68 specifically authorized in this section and in chapter 48 of this code. A family court may not  
69 exercise the powers given courts of record in §51-5-1 of this code or exercise any other powers  
70 provided for courts of record in this code unless specifically authorized by the Legislature. A family  
71 court judge is not a "judge of any court of record" or a "judge of a court of record" as the terms are  
72 defined and used in §51-9-1 *et seq.* of this code.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to create a statutory right for siblings to petition a circuit or family court for visitation with their minor child siblings.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.